

# 國立臺北大學 109 學年度日間學士班暨進修學士班轉學生招生考試試題

學制系級：通訊工程學系日間學士班 3 年級

科目：電子電路

第1頁 共2頁

可 不可使用計算機

## Circuits & Electronics

1. (10%) Find the equivalent resistance of the terminal a-b in Fig 1.

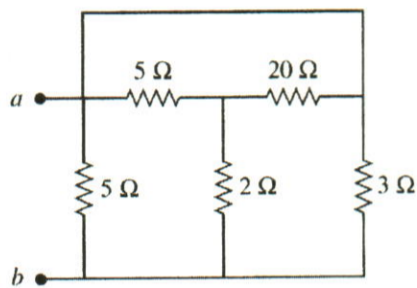


Fig. 1

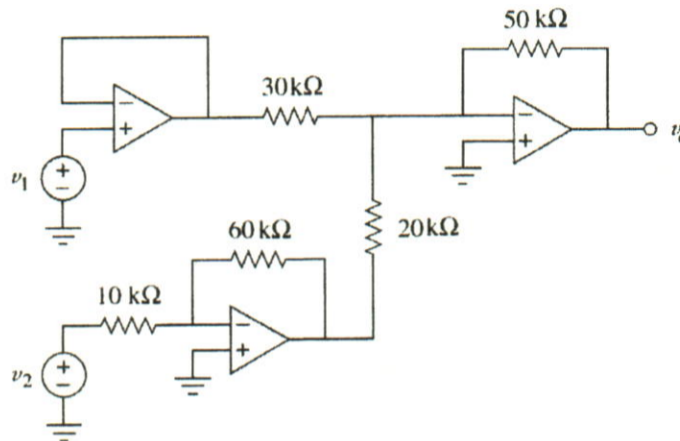


Fig. 2

2. (10%) Use  $V_1$  and  $V_2$  to express the voltage  $V_0$  of the op amp circuit in Fig. 2.
3. (Total 10%) For the RL circuit in Fig. 3, assume  $V_s = V_m \cos \omega t$ .
- (a) Obtain the transfer function  $V_0/V_s$  (5%).
- (b) Sketch its frequency response for the magnitude in dB scale. Mark the magnitude and the frequency of the half power point. (5%)

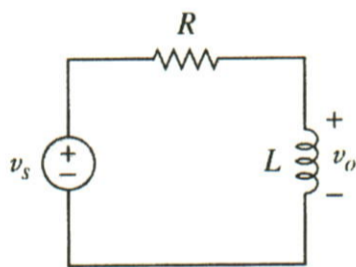


Fig. 3

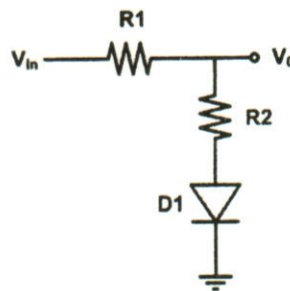


Fig. 4

4. (10%) Plot the input/output characteristic of the circuit shown in Fig. 4 using the ideal model.
5. (10%) A p-type semiconductor has the doping level  $N_A = 1.5 \times 10^{16}/\text{cm}^3$ . Assume that  $n_i = 2 \times 10^{10}/\text{cm}^3$ . Find the hole and electron concentrations (you must specify what value is hole concentration and what value is electron concentration).

試題隨卷繳交

接背面

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學制系級：通訊工程學系日間學士班 3 年級

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第2頁 共2頁

可 不可使用計算機

6. (10%) Express the voltage gain of the circuit in Fig. 5. Assume small signal parameters are  $g_m$  and  $r_{\pi}$  and assume  $V_A = \infty$ . Assume the emitter current and the collector current are approximately equal.

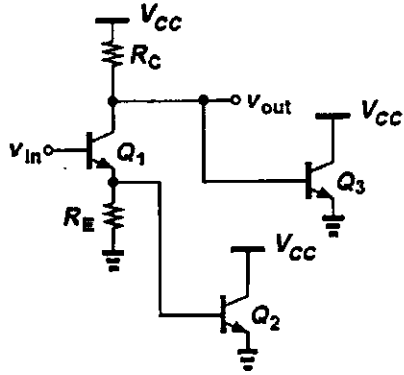


Fig. 5

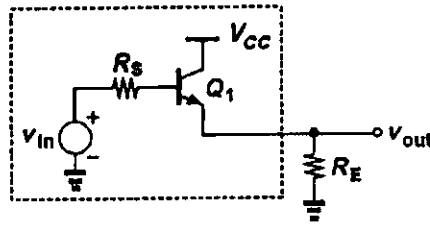


Fig. 6

7. (10%) Determine the voltage gain of a follower driven by a finite source impedance of  $R_s$  in Fig. 6. Assume small signal parameters are  $g_m$ ,  $r_{\pi}$ , and  $\beta$  and assume  $V_A = \infty$ .

8. (10%) Determine the value of  $W/L$  in Fig. 7 that places  $M_1$  at the edge of saturation.  $\mu_n C_{ox} = 50 \mu A/V^2$ ,  $V_{th} = 0.5V$  and  $\lambda = 0$ .

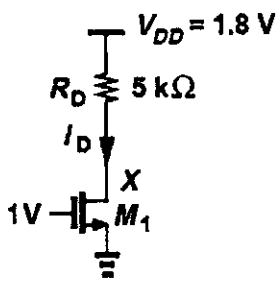


Fig. 7

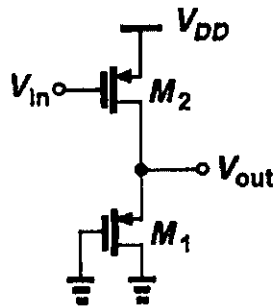


Fig. 8

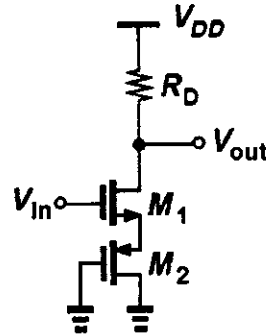


Fig. 9

9. (10%) Determine the voltage gain of the circuit shown in Fig. 8 if  $\lambda > 0$ . Assume small signal parameters are  $g_m$  and  $r_o$ .

10. (10%) Compute the voltage gain of the circuit shown in Fig. 9, if  $\lambda = 0$  for  $M_1$  and  $\lambda > 0$  for  $M_2$ . Assume small signal parameters are  $g_m$  and  $r_o$ .

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