

國立臺北大學 109 學年度日間學士班暨進修學士班轉學生招生考試試題

學制系級：財政學系日間學士班暨進修學士班 3 年級

科 目：財政學

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可 不可使用計算機

1. 舉一有「正」外部性行為的例子，並以模型分析個人與集體最佳選擇的差異。政府若欲達到較有效率的結果，該實施什麼政策？(25%)
2. Analyze the tax incidence of a perfect competitive market with proper models. According the analysis, should government levy tax on firms? (25%)
3. 以生產可能線、個別商品與勞動市場的自由交易，說明福利經濟學第一定理。(25%)
4. An economist claimed: “Although the lump-sum principle analysis tells us that a private health insurance market could be more efficient, government should intervene because of the problem of adverse selection.”
 - a. Analyze *public* health insurance with the lump-sum principle model. (8%)
 - b. Analyze *private* health insurance in relation to adverse selection. (8%)
 - c. Do you agree the above statement? (9%)

試題隨卷繳交